

Screening & Assessment

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October 26th, 2023

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PRESENTERS



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LEARNING OBJECTIVES

Describe the difference between screening and assessment for substance use disorder (SUD)

Understand the importance of screening for other related comorbidities

Identify several evidence-based screening and assessment tools



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WHY SHOULD WE SCREEN FOR SUBSTANCE USE?

- United States Preventive Services Task Force (USPSTF) recommends screening all individuals aged 18 and over for "unhealthy drug use"
 - Grade B recommendation

Recommendation: Unhealthy Drug Use: Screening | United States Preventive Services Taskforce (uspreventiveservicestaskforce.org)



WHEN TO SCREEN

- Screening helps identify who has, or is at risk of, a medical condition
- You can't treat what you do not know exists
 - Therefore, we screen
 - Key is to screen all patients to determine who should have further assessment
- This population clearly **WARRANTS SCREENING** for substance use issues for all clients.



<u>Source:</u> <u>https://nida.nih.gov/publications/drugfacts/criminal-justice</u>



PURPOSE OF AN ASSESSMENT

- Process to determine:
 - Presence or absence of a medical condition
 - Severity
 - Co-morbid conditions

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 Treatment planning (including initial level of care [LOC])





WHAT IS INVOLVED IN AN ASSESSMENT FOR SUD?

Diagnostic criteria for the disease (DSM-5)	Presence of intoxication	Withdrawal potential	Medical/ psychiatric co-morbidities
Overdose risk	Readiness for change	Complete substance use history	Clinical judgement



DISCUSSION QUESTIONS

• Why is it important to screen, rather than going right into an assessment?

• Who does the SUD screenings and assessments in your jail?

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SCREENING TOOLS....AND MORE.....

THE IMPERATIVE OF SCREENING IN CALIFORNIA JAILS?

- In CA, Proposition 47 (2014) and SB 10 (2018) has resulted in people arrested for substance-related crimes spending less time in jail.
- Many counties are increasing reliance on diversion to treatment for people arrested on these crimes.
- Screening and assessment at the earliest opportunity, as well as collaboration with justice partners, can provide information that can help clients move from custodial to treatment settings.
- AND NOW.....CAL AIM requirements!!!!



WHICH SCREENING TOOL SHOULD I USE?

- Some considerations when deciding on a tool
 - "Home grown" versus standardized/validated? (We have been doing it this way since.....)
 - Time allotted for screening (YOU ARE DOING IT ALREADY!!!)
 - Ability to complete online assessments in your jail?
 - Use of results
 - Referral to Medical/BH
 - Treatment planning
 - Do we use a positive or negative screen for legal purposes?
 NO!!!



WHY A STANDARDIZED SCREENING TOOL

- Beneficial for jails
 - Facilitates identification of high-risk users whose symptoms may not be evident
 - Identification is the first step to preventing withdrawal and mitigating risk
 - Using a standardized tool allows jails to <u>reliably</u> assess prevalence of substance use disorders
 - Allows for rapid assessment
 - Comprehensive interviews can provide more "whole person" information, but not always practical in jail settings



SENSITIVITY AND SPECIFICITY

Sensitivity refers to the ability of a test to positively designate a person's disease.

- A highly sensitive test means there are few false negatives
- Fewer positive cases are missed

Specificity is the ability of a test to designate an individual who does not have a disease as negative.

- A highly specific test means there are few false positive test results
- If a test has low specificity, it may not be an effective screening tool



WHAT DO WE DO WITH THIS SCREENING INFORMATION

- If a patient screens positive, best practice is to assess for the presence of the disorder
- If the disorder is present, we can determine the severity
- Many tools we use for screening do offer value as assessments as well depending on setting





SUBSTANCE MISUSE SCREENING TOOLS

NIDA Quick Screen and Modified ASSIST

 Great screener and first level assessment tool

TAPS (1 and 2)

- Screener plus miniassessment (P 1 and P2)
- Self-report or interview format
- Based on NIDA products
- Developed for primary care

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TCU-5

- 13 items
- Takes about 20 minutes to administer
- Can be selfadministered

SSI

- 10 items
- CSAT Treatment Improvement Protocols in 1994
- Simple Screening Instruments for Outreach for AOD and Infectious Disease



NIDA QUICK SCREEN

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- Validated instrument designed to assist providers in screening adults for substance use
- Adapted from a single-question screen for drug use in primary care
- Simple screening for **past year** use of Alcohol, Tobacco, Prescription Drugs, Illegal Drugs





NIDA ASSIST: ALCOHOL, SMOKING AND SUBSTANCE INVOLVEMENT SCREENING TEST

- 8 item questionnaire, although each item asks about several different substances
- Takes about ten minutes to administer
- The modified ASSIST is used with the NIDA Quick Screen
- If a person answers yes to question 3 and/4 on NIDA Quick Screen, THEN modified ASSIST is used
- The modified ASSIST asks only about illegal or prescription drug misuse, not about tobacco or alcohol
- Hybrid screening/assessment package-

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NIDA QUICK SCREEN

NIDA Quick Screen Question: In the past year, how often have you used the following?	Never	Once or Twice	Monthly	Weekly	Daily or Almost Daily			
Alcohol • For men, 5 or more drinks a day • For women, 4 or more drinks a day								
Tobacco Products								
Prescription Drugs for Non-Medical Reasons								
Illegal Drugs								
 Illegal Drugs If the patient says "NO" for all drugs in the Quick Screen, reinforce abstinence. Screening is complete. If the patient says "Yes" to one or more days of heavy drinking, patient is an at-risk drinker. Please see NIAAA website "How to Help Patients Who Drink Too Much: A Clinical Approach" http://pubs.niaaa.nih.gov/publications/Practitioner/CliniciansGuide2005/clinicians_guide.htm, for information to Assess, Advise, Assist, and Arrange help for at risk drinkers or patients with alcohol use disorders. 								
Please see NIAAA website "How to Help Patients Who http://pubs.niaaa.nih.gov/publications/Practitioner/Cl information to Assess, Advise, Assist, and Arrange hel use disorders	Drink Too niciansGu o for at ris	Much: A i <u>de2005/</u> k drinker	Clinica clinicia s or pa	l Appro <u>nsguio</u> tients v	ach" <u>de.htm</u> , fo vith alcohc			
Please see NIAAA website "How to Help Patients Who http://pubs.niaaa.nih.gov/publications/Practitioner/Cl information to Assess, Advise, Assist, and Arrange help	Drink Too niciansGu o for at ris pacco use p g cessatio	Much: A ide2005/ k drinker places a p n, please	Clinica clinicia s or par patient see "H	l Appro ns guio tients v at risk. Ielping	ach" <u>de.htm</u> , fo vith alcoho Advise <i>al</i> .			



Questions 1-8 of the NIDA-Modified ASSIST V2.0

Instructions: Patients may fill in the following form themselves but screening personnel should offer to read the questions aloud in a private setting and complete the form for the patient. To preserve confidentiality, a protective sheet should be placed on top of the questionnaire so it will not be seen by other patients after it is completed but before it is filed in the medical record.

Que	estion 1 of 8, NIDA-Modified ASSIST	Yes	No
you	our <u>LIFETIME</u> , which of the following substances have ever used? Note for Physicians: For prescription medications, please report nonmedical use only.		
a.	Cannabis (marijuana, pot, grass, hash, etc.)		
b.	Cocaine (coke, crack, etc.)		
c.	Prescription stimulants (Ritalin, Concerta, Dexedrine, Adderall, diet pills, etc.)		the patient's respon
d.	Methamphetamine (speed, crystal meth, ice, etc.)		in Question 1. If the
e.	Inhalants (nitrous oxide, glue, gas, paint thinner, etc.)		sed an illegal or pre t Question 1. If the
f.	Sedatives or sleeping pills (Valium, Serepax, Ativan, Xanax, Librium, Rohypnol, GHB, etc.)	-	o 'Other' and contin
g.	Hallucinogens (LSD, acid, mushrooms, PCP, Special K, ecstasy, etc.)	 If the ASSIST 	patient says "Yes" t T.
h.	Street opioids (heroin, opium, etc.)		
i.	Prescription opioids (fentanyl, oxycodone [OxyContin, Percocet], hydrocodone [Vicodin], methadone, buprenorphine, etc.)		

j. Other – specify:

- Given the patient's response to the Quick Screen, the patient *should <u>not</u> indicate* **"NO"** for all drugs in Question 1. If they do, remind them that their answers to the Quick Screen indicated they used an illegal or prescription drug for nonmedical reasons within the past year and then **repeat Question 1**. If the patient indicates that the drug used is not listed, please mark **'Yes'** next to 'Other' and continue to **Question 2** of the NIDA-Modified ASSIST.
- If the patient says "Yes" to any of the drugs, proceed to Question 2 of the NIDA-Modified ASSIST.

Question 2 of 8, NIDA-Modified ASSIST 2. In the past three months how often have you used the substances you mentioned (first drug, second drug, etc)?	Never	Once or Twice	Monthly	Weekly	Daily or Almost Daily
Cannabis (marijuana, pot, grass, hash, etc.)	0	2	3	4	6
Cocaine (coke, crack, etc.)	0	2	3	4	6
 Prescription stimulants (Ritalin, Concerta, Dexedrine, Adderall, diet pills, etc.) 	0	2	3	4	6
• Methamphetamine (speed, crystal meth, ice, etc.)	0	2	3	4	6
• Inhalants (nitrous oxide, glue, gas, paint thinner, etc.)	0	2	3	4	6
 Sedatives or sleeping pills (Valium, Serepax, Ativan, Librium, Xanax, Rohypnol, GHB, etc.) 	0	2	3	4	6
 Hallucinogens (LSD, acid, mushrooms, PCP, Special K, ecstasy, etc.) 	0	2	3	4	6
• Street opioids (heroin, opium, etc.)	0	2	3	4	6
 Prescription opioids (fentanyl, oxycodone [OxyContin, Percocet], hydrocodone [Vicodin], methadone, buprenorphine, etc.) 	0	2	3	4	6
Other – Specify:	0	2	3	4	6

- For patients who report "Never" having used any drug in the past 3 months: Go to Questions
 6-8.
- For any recent illicit or nonmedical prescription drug use, go to Question 3.

3.	In the past 3 months, how often have you had a strong desire or urge to use (first drug, second drug, etc)?	Never	Once or Twice	Monthly	Weekly	Daily or Almost Daily
a.	Cannabis (marijuana, pot, grass, hash, etc.)	0	3	4	5	6
b.	Cocaine (coke, crack, etc.)	0	3	4	5	6
c.	Prescribed Amphetamine type stimulants (Ritalin, Concerta, Dexedrine, Adderall, diet pills, etc.)	0	3	4	5	6
d.	Methamphetamine (speed, crystal meth, ice, etc.)	0	3	4	5	6
e.	Inhalants (nitrous oxide, glue, gas, paint thinner, etc.)	0	3	4	5	6
f.	Sedatives or sleeping pills (Valium, Serepax, Ativan, Librium, Xanax, Rohypnol, GHB, etc.)	0	3	4	5	6
g.	Hallucinogens (LSD, acid, mushrooms, PCP, Special K, ecstasy, etc.)	0	3	4	5	6
h.	Street Opioids (heroin, opium, etc.)	0	3	4	5	6
i.	Prescribed opioids (fentanyl, oxycodone [OxyContin, Percocet], hydrocodone [Vicodin], methadone, buprenorphine, etc.)	0	3	4	5	6
j.	Other – Specify:	0	3	4	5	6

4. <u>During the past 3 months</u> , how often has your use drug, second drug, etc) led to health, social, legal problems?		Never	Once or Twice	Monthly	Weekly	Daily or Almost Daily						
a. Cannabis (marijuana, pot, grass, hash, etc.)		0	4	5	6	7						
b. Cocaine (coke, crack, etc.)		0	4	5	6	7						
 Prescribed Amphetamine type stimulants (Ritalin Dexedrine, Adderall, diet pills, etc.) 	, Concerta,	0	4	5	6	7						
d. Methamphetamine (speed, crystal meth, ice, etc.)	0	4	5. <u>Du</u>	ring the	e past 3 mo	nths, now often have you failed to do		<u> </u>	>	~	<u>ب</u> ح
e. Inhalants (nitrous oxide, glue, gas, pain thinner, e	tc.)	0	4		what was normally expected of you because of your use of (first drug, second drug, etc)?			Never	Once or Twice	Monthly	Weekly	Daily or Almost Daily
f. Sedatives or sleeping pills (Valium, Serepax, Ativa Xanax, Rohypnol, GHB, etc.)	n, Librium,	0	4					_	0 -	Σ	5	
g. Hallucinogens (LSD, acid, mushrooms, PCP, Specia	ll K, ecstasy,	0	4	a. Ca	nnabis	(marijuana,	pot, grass, hash, etc.)	0	5	6	7	8
etc.)				b. Co	caine (o	oke, crack,	etc.)	0	5	6	7	8
h. Street opioids (heroin, opium, etc.)		0	4	c. Pr	escribed	Amphetar	nine type stimulants (Ritalin, Concerta,	0	5	6	7	8
i. Prescribed opioids (fentanyl, oxycodone [OxyCon	tin,	0	4				diet pills, etc.)					
Percocet], hydrocodone [Vicodin], methadone,				d. M	ethamp	hetamine (s	peed, crystal meth, ice, etc.)	0	5	6	7	8
buprenorphine, etc.)				e. Ini	alants	(nitrous oxi	de, glue, gas, paint thinner, etc.)	0	5	6	7	8
j. Other – Specify:		0	4						-	-		
						or sleeping hypnol, GH	pills (Valium, Serepax, Ativan, Librium, 3, etc.)	0	5	6	7	8
							cid, mushrooms, PCP, Special K, ecstasy,		5			8

etc.)

i. –

j.

h. Street Opioids (heroin, opium, etc.)

buprenorphine, etc.) Other – Specify:

Prescribed opioids (fentanyl, oxycodone [OxyContin,

Percocet], hydrocodone [Vicodin], methadone,

Instructions: Ask Questions 6 & 7 for all substances ever used (i.e., those endorsed in the Question 1).



5

5

5

0

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8

8

6

6

6

6.	Has a friend or relative or anyone else <u>ever</u> expressed concern about your use of (first drug, second drug, etc)?	No, never	Yes, but not in the past 3 months	Yes, in the past 3 months
a.	Cannabis (marijuana, pot, grass, hash, etc.)	0	3	6
b.	Cocaine (coke, crack, etc.)	0	3	6
c.	Prescribed Amphetamine type stimulants (Ritalin, Concerta, Dexedrine, Adderall, diet pills, etc.)	0	3	6
d.	Methamphetamine (speed, crystal meth, ice, etc.)	0	3	6
e.	Inhalants (nitrous oxide, glue, gas, paint thinner, etc.)	0	3	6
f.	Sedatives or sleeping pills (Valium, Serepax, Xanax, Ativan, Librium, Rohypnol, GHB, etc.)	0	3	6
g.	Hallucinogens (LSD, acid, mushrooms, PCP, Special K, ecstasy, etc.)	0	3	6
h.	Street opioids (heroin, opium, etc.)	0	3	6
i.	Prescribed opioids (fentanyl, oxycodone [OxyContin, Percocet], hydrocodone [Vicodin], methadone, buprenorphine, etc.)	0	3	6
j.	Other – Specify:	0	3	6



7.	Have you ever tried and failed to control, cut down or stop using (first drug, second drug, etc)?	No, never	Yes, but not in the past 3 months	Yes, in the past 3 months				
a.	Cannabis (marijuana, pot, grass, hash, etc.)	0	3	6	•			
b.	Cocaine (coke, crack, etc.)	0	3	6				
c.	Prescribed Amphetamine type stimulants (Ritalin, Concerta, Dexedrine, Adderall, diet pills, etc.)	0		ever used any drug by	injection	No, never	Yes, but not in	Yes, in the past 3
d.	Methamphetamine (speed, crystal meth, ice, etc.)	0	(NONMED	ICAL USE ONLY)?			the past 3 months	months
e.	Inhalants (nitrous oxide, glue, gas, paint thinner,	0						
	etc.)	Ŭ	 Recorr 	nmend to patients repo	orting any prio	r or current intraver	nous drug use that th	ney get tested
f.		0	for HIV	nmend to patients repo / and Hepatitis B/C. ent reports using a dru				
f. g.	etc.) Sedatives or sleeping pills (Valium, Serepax, Xanax, Ativan, Librium, Rohypnol, GHB, etc.) Hallucinogens (LSD, acid, mushrooms, PCP,		for HIV If patie injecti o If p	/ and Hepatitis B/C. ent reports using a dru ng during this period to patient responds that the	g by injection o determine they inject once w	in the past three mo neir risk levels and th eekly or less OR fewer	onths, ask about thei ne best course of inte than 3 days in a row,	r pattern of ervention.
Ŭ	etc.) Sedatives or sleeping pills (Valium, Serepax, Xanax, Ativan, Librium, Rohypnol, GHB, etc.)	0	for HIV If patie injecti o If p int	/ and Hepatitis B/C. ent reports using a dru ng during this period to	g by injection o determine they inject once w incussions of the	in the past three mo neir risk levels and th eekly or less OR fewer risks associated with i	onths, ask about thei ne best course of into than 3 days in a row, njecting.	r pattern of ervention. provide a brief
Ŭ	etc.) Sedatives or sleeping pills (Valium, Serepax, Xanax, Ativan, Librium, Rohypnol, GHB, etc.) Hallucinogens (LSD, acid, mushrooms, PCP, Special K, ecstasy, etc.)	0	for HIV If patie injecti o If p int o If p fur Note: Reco	/ and Hepatitis B/C. ent reports using a dru ng during this period to batient responds that the ervention including a dis	g by injection o determine they inject once w ccussions of the ey inject more the eporting any cu	in the past three mo neir risk levels and th eekly or less OR fewer risks associated with i nan once per week OR urrent use of alcohol	onths, ask about thei ne best course of into than 3 days in a row, njecting. 3 or more days in a ro	r pattern of ervention. provide a brief ow, refer for

Instructions: Ask Question 8 if the patient endorses any drug that might be injected, including those that might be listed in the other category (e.g., steroids). <u>Circle appropriate response</u>.



TAPS: TOBACCO, ALCOHOL, AND OTHER SUBSTANCES

- The Tobacco, Alcohol, Prescription Medication, and other Substance Use (TAPS)
 - Combines a screening tool with a brief assessment (TAPS-1 and TAPS-2)
 - TAPS-1 adapted from the NIDA quick screen
 - TAPS-2 is modified version of the ASSIST.
 - Created for use in primary care settings
 - Online tool (<u>https://nida.nih.gov/taps2/</u>)
 - Can be self-administered or administered by professional



		(TAPS) Tool	
		TAPS Tool Part 1	
Ge	neral Instructions:		Web Version: 2.0; 4.00; 09-19-17
and onl		ar. Question 2 should be a	ohol use, prescription medication misuse, inswered only by males and Question 3 possible responses to choose from.
	gment: it number:		
1.	In the PAST 12 MONTHS, how ofte cigarettes, cigars, pipes, or smoke		acco product (for example, cigarettes, e-
	Daily or Almost Daily	Weekly	Monthly
	Less Than Monthly	Never	
2.		Il glass of wine (5 oz), 1 b	e drinks containing alcohol in one day? eer (12 oz), or 1 single shot of liquor.
	Daily or Almost Daily	Weekly	Monthly
	Less Than Monthly	Never	
3.		Il glass of wine (5 oz), 1 b	e drinks containing alcohol in one day? eer (12 oz), or 1 single shot of liquor.
	Daily or Almost Daily	Weekly	Monthly
	Less Than Monthly	Never	
4.	In the PAST 12 MONTHS, how ofth heroin, methamphetamine (crystal		igs including marijuana, cocaine or crack, stasy/MDMA?
	Daily or Almost Daily	Weekly	Monthly
	Less Than Monthly	Never	
5.	more than prescribed or that were	not prescribed for you? Pr	scription medications just for the feeling, rescription medications that may be used htin, Vicodin, Percocet, Methadone)
		(for example, Xanax, Ativ	van, Klonopin) Medications for ADHD (for
	Medications for anxiety or sleeping	(for example, Xanax, Ativ	van, Klonopin) Medications for ADHD (for



NIDA Clinical Trials Network The Tobacco, Alcohol, Prescription medications, and other Substance (TAPS) Tool

TAPS Tool Part 2

Web Version: 2.0; 4.00; 09-19-17

General Instructions:

The TAPS Tool Part 2 is a brief assessment for tobacco, alcohol, and illicit substance use and prescription medication misuse in the PAST 3 MONTHS ONLY. Each of the following questions and subquestions has two possible answer choices- either yes or no. Check the box to select your answer.

1. In the PAST 3 MONTHS did you smoke a cigarette containing tobacco? Yes No If "Yes", answer the following questions:

a. In the PAST 3 MONTHS, did you usually smoke more than 10 cigarettes each day? 🗌 Yes 🗌 No

- b. In the PAST 3 MONTHS, did you usually smoke within 30 minutes after waking? 🗌 Yes 🗌 No
- In the PAST 3 MONTHS, did you have a drink containing alcohol? Yes No If "Yes", answer the following questions:

a. In the PAST 3 MONTHS, did you have 4 or more drinks containing alcohol in a day?* (Note: This question should only be answered by females).

Yes No

b. In the PAST 3 MONTHS, did you have 5 or more drinks containing alcohol in a day?* (Note: This question should only be answered by males). Yes No

*One standard drink is about 1 small glass of wine (5 oz), 1 beer (12 oz), or 1 single shot of liquor. c. In the PAST 3 MONTHS, have you tried and failed to control, cut down or stop drinking? Yes No

d. In the PAST 3 MONTHS, has anyone expressed concern about your drinking? 🗌 Yes 🔲 No

3. In the PAST 3 MONTHS, did you use marijuana (hash, weed)? Ves No

If "Yes", answer the following questions:

a. In the PAST 3 MONTHS, have you had a strong desire or urge to use marijuana at least once a week or more often?
Yes No

b. In the PAST 3 MONTHS, has anyone expressed concern about your use of marijuana?
Yes
No

- In the PAST 3 MONTHS, did you use cocaine, crack, or methamphetamine (crystal meth)?
 Yes
 No
- If "Yes", answer the following questions:

a. In the PAST 3 MONTHS, did you use cocaine, crack, or methamphetamine (crystal meth) at least once a week or more often?
Yes No

b. In the PAST 3 MONTHS, has anyone expressed concern about your use of cocaine, crack, or methamphetamine (crystal meth)?
Yes
No

5. In the PAST 3 MONTHS, did you use heroin?
Yes No

If "Yes", answer the following questions:

a. In the PAST 3 MONTHS, have you tried and failed to control, cut down or stop using heroin?

TAPS 2 (CONT.)

	b. In the PAST 3 MONTHS, has anyone expressed concern about your use of heroin? 🗌 Yes 🗌 No
	In the PAST 3 MONTHS, did you use a prescription opiate pain reliever (for example, Percocet, Vicodin) not as prescribed or that was not prescribed for you? Yes No Yes", answer the following questions:
	a. In the PAST 3 MONTHS, have you tried and failed to control, cut down or stop using an opiate pain reliever?
	b. In the PAST 3 MONTHS, has anyone expressed concern about your use of an opiate pain reliever? Yes No
	In the PAST 3 MONTHS, did you use a medication for anxiety or sleep (for example, Xanax, Ativan, or Klonopin) not as prescribed or that was not prescribed for you? Yes No Yes", answer the following questions:
	a. In the PAST 3 MONTHS, have you had a strong desire or urge to use medications for anxiety or sleep at least once a week or more often? Yes No
	b. In the PAST 3 MONTHS, has anyone expressed concern about your use of medication for anxiety or sleep? Yes No
	In the PAST 3 MONTHS, did you use a medication for ADHD (for example, Adderall, Ritalin) not as prescribed or that was not prescribed for you? Yes No Yes", answer the following questions:
	a. In the PAST 3 MONTHS, did you use a medication for ADHD (for example, Adderall, Ritalin) at least once a week or more often? Yes No
	b. In the PAST 3 MONTHS, has anyone expressed concern about your use of a medication for ADHD (for example, Adderall or Ritalin)? Yes No
	In the PAST 3 MONTHS, did you use any other illegal or recreational drug (for example, ecstasy/molly, GHB, poppers, LSD, mushrooms, special K, bath salts, synthetic marijuana ('spice'), whip-its, etc.)?
	Yes", answer the following questions: the PAST 3 MONTHS, what were the other drug(s) you used?
Co	mments:





- Updated version of the TCU Drug Screen II and is based on the most recent Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders (DSM-5).
- Screens for mild to severe substance use disorder.
- Useful when determining placement and level of care in treatment.
- Offers an "Opioid Supplement" if one of three questions are answered more than "Never"



TCU Drug Screen 5

Scoring & Interpretation Guide

Scoring Instructions. The TCU Drug Screen 5 is scored to produce a single total score which can range from 0 to 11. To compute the total TCU Drug Screen 5 score:

- Assign 1 point to each "yes" response to items 1 through 9.
- For items 10 and 11,
 - assign 1 point if respondent answers "yes" to <u>either 10a or 10b;</u>
 - b. assign 1 point if respondent answers "yes" to either 11a or 11b.
- Sum 1-point "yes" responses for items 1 through 11, yielding a total score ranging between 0 and 11.
- Note that items 12 through 17 are not included as part of the total TCUDS V score; they
 provide additional information that may be useful in guiding treatment decisions.

Interpreting Scores. Interpretation of the TCU Drug Screen 5 score corresponds with the Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders (DSM-5) criteria, and is based on a single disorder measured on the following continuum from mild to severe:

Mild disorder: Score of 2-3 points (presence of 2-3 symptoms) Moderate disorder: Score of 4-5 points (presence of 4-5 symptoms) Score of 6 or more points (presence of 6 or more symptoms)

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Note: Data currently are being collected to establish the psychometric properties of the TCU Drug Screen 5.

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тс	U Drug Screen V					
Duri	ng the last 12 months before being locked up, if app	olicable) –	Ne	Vec		
1.	Did you use larger amounts of drugs or use them for than you planned or intended?		No O	Yes O		
2.	Did you try to control or cut down on your drug us	e but were unable to do it?	0	0		
3.		Did you spend a lot of time getting drugs, using them, or recovering from their use?				
4.	Did you have a strong desire or urge to use drugs?		0	0		
5.	Did you get so high or sick from using drugs that it working, going to school, or caring for children? .		0	0		
6.	Did you continue using drugs even when it led to s	social or interpersonal problems?	0	0		
7.	Did you spend less time at work, school, or with fr	riends because of your drug use?	0	0		
8.	Did you use drugs that put you or others in physical	0	0			
9.	Did you continue using drugs even when it was can physical or psychological problems?	0	0			
10a.	Did you need to increase the amount of a drug you could get the same effects as before?		0	0		
10Ь.	Did using the same amount of a drug lead to it hav as it did before?		0	0		
11a.	Did you get sick or have withdrawal symptoms wh taking a drug?		0	0		
11Ь.	Did you ever keep taking a drug to relieve or avoid withdrawal symptoms?		0	0		
12.	Which drug caused the most serious problem durin	ng the last 12 months? [CHOOSE C	DNE]			
	O Alcohol O O Cannabinoids – Marijuana (weed) O O Cannabinoids – Hashish (hash) O O Synthetic Marijuana (K2/Spice) O O Opioids – Heroin (smack) O O Opioids – Opium (tar) O O Stimulants – Powder Cocaine (coke) O O Stimulants – Crack Cocaine (rock) O	 Stimulants – Methamphetamine (Bath Salts (Synthetic Cathinones) Club Drugs – MDMA/GHB/Rohy Dissociative Drugs – Ketamine/P Hallucinogens – LSD/Mushroom Inhalants – Solvents (paint thinne Prescription Medications – Depre Prescription Medications – Stimu Prescription Medications – Opioio Other (specify) 	pnol (E CP (Spe s (acid) r) ssants lants	cial K)		
TCUI	DS V (v.Sept14) 1 of 2	2				





Institute of Behavioral Research. (2020). Texas Christian University Drug Screen 5. Fort Worth: Texas Christian University, Institute of Behavioral Research. Available at ibr.tcu.edu

13. How often did you use each type of drug during the last 12 months?	Never	Only a few Times	1-3 Times per Month	1-5 Times per Week	Daily
a. Alcohol	0	0	0	0	0
 b. Cannaboids – Marijuana (weed) 	õ	õ	õ	õ	õ
c. Cannaboids – Hashish (hash)	0	0	0	0	0
d. Synthetic Marijuana (K2/Spice)	0	0	0	0	0
e. Opioids – Heroin (smack)	0	0	0	0	0
f. Opioids – Opium (tar)	0	0	0	0	0
g. Stimulants - Powder cocaine (coke)	0	0	0	0	0
h. Stimulants - Crack Cocaine (rock)	0	0	0	0	0
i. Stimulants - Amphetamines (speed)	0	0	0	0	0
j. Stimulants - Methamphetamine (meth)	0	0	0	0	0
k. Bath Salts (Synthetic Cathinones)	0	0	0	0	0
1. Club Drugs - MDMA/GHB/Rohypnol (Ecstasy)	0	0	0	0	0
m. Dissociative Drugs - Ketamine/PCP (Special K)	0	0	0	0	0
n. Hallucinogens - LSD/Mushrooms (acid)	0	0	0	0	0
o. Inhalants - Solvents (paint thinner)	0	0	0	0	0
p. Prescription Medications - Depressants	0	0	0	0	0
q. Prescription Medications - Stimulants	0	0	0	0	0
r. Prescription Medications - Opioid Pain Relievers	0	0	0	0	0
s. Other (specify)	0	0	0	0	0
 14. How many times before now have you ever been in a dru [DO NOT INCLUDE AA/NA/CA MEETINGS] O Never O 1 time O 2 times O 3 time 			ram? 10re times		
15. How serious do you think your drug problems are?					
○ Not at all ○ Slightly ○ Moderately	O Consi	derably	O Extre	emely	
16. During the last 12 months, how often did you inject drug	gs with a	needle?			
○ Never ○ Only a few times ○ 1-3 times/mon	th O	1-5 times	per week	O Daily	
17. How important is it for you to get drug treatment now?					
O Not at all O Slightly O Moderately	O Consi	derably	O Extre	emely	
CUDS V (v.Sept14) 2 of 2 Copyright 2014 TCU Institute of Behavioral Research, Fort Worth, Texas. All rig	ghts reserve	d.			

SIMPLE SCREENING INSTRUMENT

- The Simple Screening Instrument for Substance Abuse (SSISA) was developed by the consensus panel of TIP 11, Simple Screening Instruments for Outreach for Alcohol and Other Drug Abuse and Infectious Diseases (Center for Substance Abuse Treatment 1994c).
- VERY popular in correctional institutions in early 2000's
- Peters et al. (2000) found the SSISA to be effective in identifying substance dependent inmates.
- Demonstrated high sensitivity (92.6 percent for alcohol or drug dependence disorder, 87.0 percent for alcohol or drug abuse or dependence disorder) and excellent test retest reliability (.97)

Peters et al. (2000)



Simple Screening Instrument for AOD Abuse Self-Administered Form Directions: The questions that follow are about your use of alcohol and other drugs. Your answers will be kept private. Mark the response that best fits for you. Answer the questions in terms of your experiences in the past 6 months. During the last 6 months... 1. Have you used alcohol or other drugs? (Such as wine, hard liquor, pot, coke, heroin or other opiates, uppers, downers, hallucinogens, or inhalants) ____Yes ____No 2. Have you felt that you use too much alcohol or other drugs? Yes No 3. Have you tried to cut down or quit drinking or using alcohol or other drugs? Yes ____No 6. Has drinking or other drug use caused problems between you and your family or friends? 4. Have you gone to anyone for help because of your drinking or drug use? (Such as Alcoholics Yes No Anonymous, Narcotics Anonymous, Cocaine Anonymous, counselors, or a treatment program.) Yes No 7. Has your drinking or other drug use caused problems at school or at work? ____Yes No 5. Have you had any health problems? For example, have you: Had blackouts or other periods of memory loss? Injured your head after drinking or using drugs? 8. Have you been arrested or had other legal problems? (Such as bouncing bad checks, driving while Had convulsions, delirium tremens ("DTs") intoxicated, theft, or drug possession.) Had hepatitis or other liver problems? Yes No Felt sick, shaky, or depressed when you stopped? Felt "coke bugs" or a crawling feeling under the skin after you stopped using 9. Have you lost your temper or gotten into arguments or fights while drinking or using other drugs? drugs? ____No Yes Been injured after drinking or using? Used needles to shoot drugs? 10. Are you needing to drink or use drugs more and more to get the effect you want? Yes No

https://www.smchealth.org/sites/main/files/file-

HMA **HCS**

SCREENING FOR ALCOHOL USE DISORDERS

AUDIT:

https://www.sbirt.care/pdfs/tools/AUDIT.PDF

• Full AUDIT is 10 items (0-40)

- Can be clinician administered, self -report, or online version
- Provides a framework for intervention

AUDIT C is a better screening tool to detect risky or problematic drinking

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- AUDIT C is first 3 questions of full Audit
- How often, how many, how often more than 6 drinks a day?
- Detects risky drinking or active AUD



Read questions as written. Record answers carefully. Begin the AUDIT by saying "Now I am going to ask you some questions about your use of alcoholic beverages during this past year." Explain what is meant by "alcoholic beverages" by using local examples of beer, wine, vodka, etc. Code answers in terms of "standard drinks". Place the correct answer number in the box at the right.	
 How often do you have a drink containing alcohol? (0) Never [Skip to Os 9-10] (1) Monthly or less (2) 2 to 4 times a month (3) 2 to 3 times a week (4) 4 or more times a week 	6. How often during the last year have you needed a first drink in the morning to get yourself going after a heavy drinking session? (0) Never (1) Less than monthly (2) Monthly (3) Weekly (4) Daily or almost daily
 2. How many drinks containing alcohol do you have on a typical day when you are drinking? (0) 1 or 2 (1) 3 or 4 (2) 5 or 6 (3) 7, 8, or 9 (4) 10 or more 	 7. How often during the last year have you had a feeling of guilt or remorse after drinking? (0) Never (1) Less than monthly (2) Monthly (3) Weekly (4) Daily or almost daily
 3. How often do you have six or more drinks on one occasion? (0) Never (1) Less than monthly (2) Monthly (3) Weekly (4) Daily or almost daily Skip to Questions 9 and 10 if Total Score for Questions 2 and 3 = 0 	 8. How often during the last year have you been unable to remember what happened the night before because you had been drinking? (0) Never (1) Less than monthly (2) Monthly (3) Weekly (4) Daily or almost daily
 4. How often during the last year have you found that you were not able to stop drinking once you had started? (0) Never (1) Less than monthly (2) Monthly (3) Weekly (4) Daily or almost daily 	 9. Have you or someone else been injured as a result of your drinking? (0) No (2) Yes, but not in the last year (4) Yes, during the last year
 5. How often during the last year have you failed to do what was normally expected from you because of drinking? (0) Never (1) Less than monthly (2) Monthly (3) Weekly (4) Daily or almost daily 	 10. Has a relative or friend or a doctor or another health worker been concerned about your drinking or suggested you cut down? (0) No (2) Yes, but not in the last year (4) Yes, during the last year



URINE TOXICOLOGY

- Limitations of Urine Toxicology:
 - Typically, does not test for alcohol or tobacco use
 - Unless specifying for Fentanyl or Xylazine, most urine screens will not test for these substance. KNOW WHAT YOU ARE ORDERING
 - Potential for false positive and false negative results
 - Interpretation for clinicians versus interpretation for law enforcement.....



Urine drug testing has been used to detect or confirm suspected opioid use but should be performed only with the patient's consent and in compliance with state laws.

Recording:UnderstandingBest Practices inToxicology toSupport anIntegrated TeamApproach to MAT(9-21-2023)35

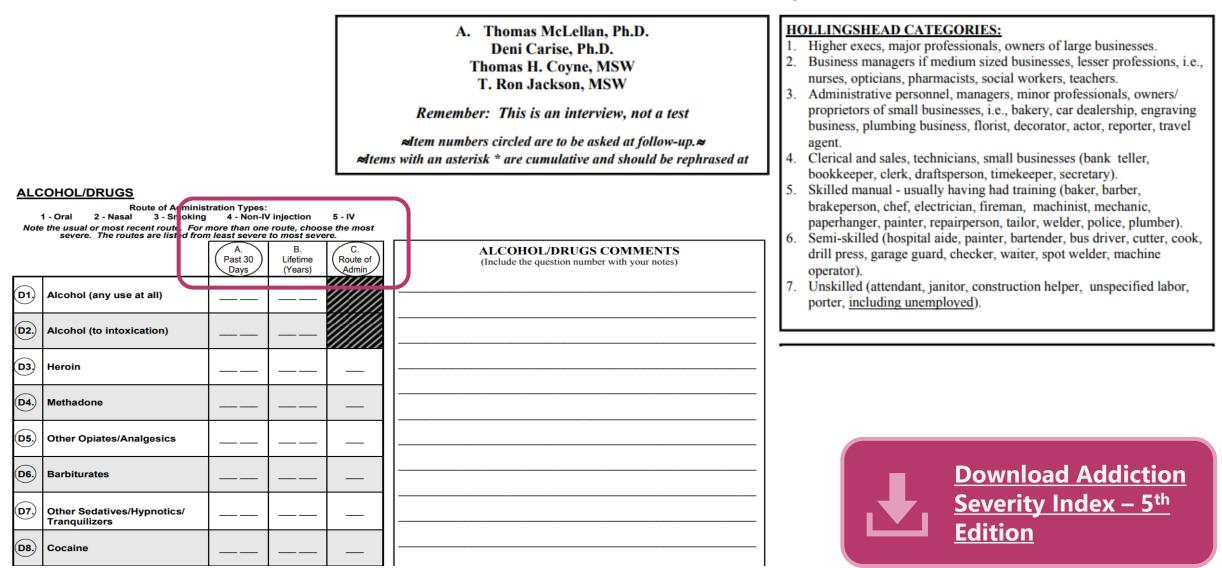
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SOME FOCUSED ASSESSMENT INSTRUMENTS

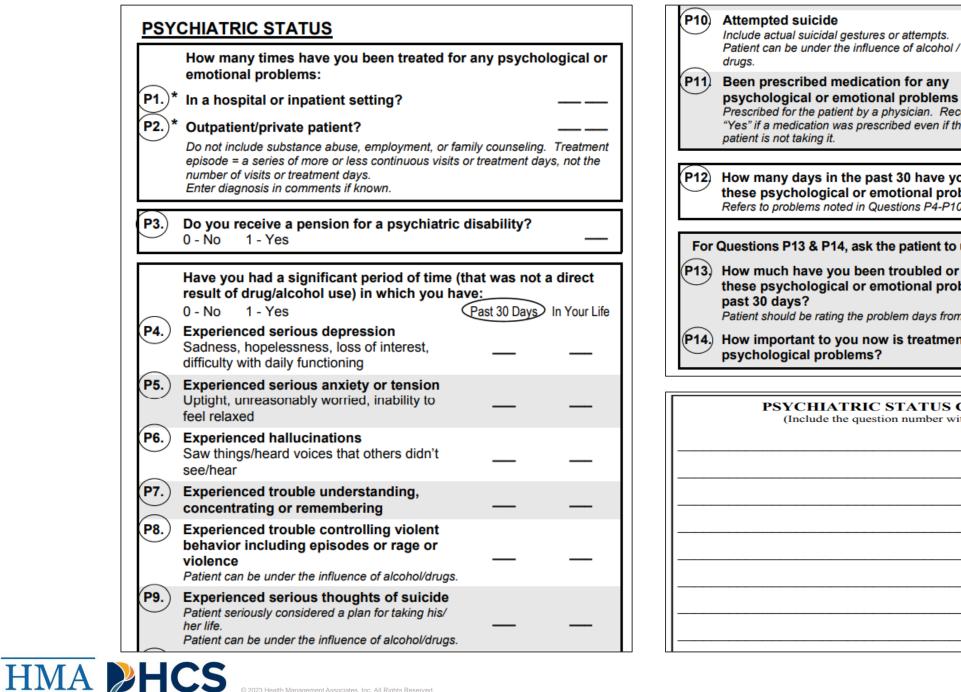
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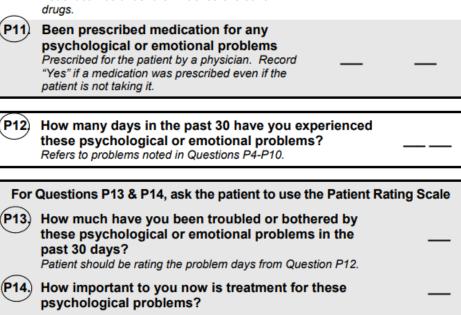
Addiction Severity Index - 5th Edition

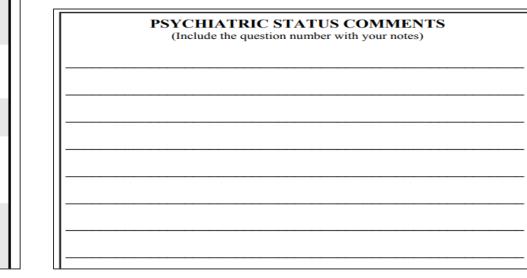
Clinical/Training Version

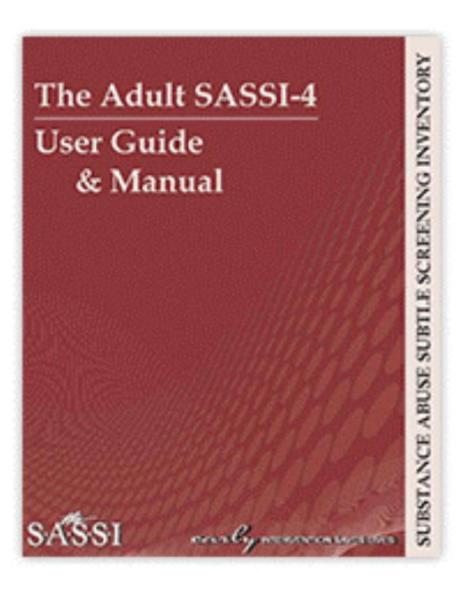














ASAM ASSESSMENT INSTRUMENTS

ASAM CRITERIA METHODS OF DELIVERY

Structured interview	 High variability Not always accepted Write-ups vary in sophistication
On-line Continuum	 Asymmetrical Branching Improves interrater reliability Has a dashboard Information is transmittable
Co-triage	 20 questions (about 10-15 min) Provisional level of care



IMPORTANT TO REMEMBER.....

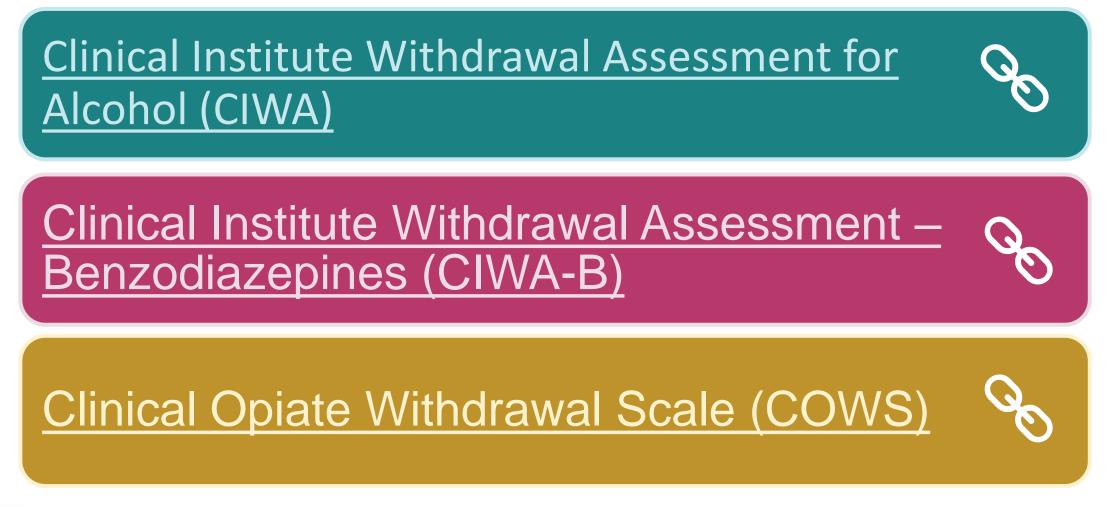
WITHDRAWAL POTENTIAL

- Risk of withdrawal symptoms determined by many factors
 - Specific substance
 - Duration of use
 - o Quantity
 - Route
- Important to assess
 - Withdrawal can be life threatening
 - Very important factor in relapse prevention



WITHDRAWAL ASSESSMENT

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SUICIDAL/HOMICIDAL IDEATION

Substance use, and especially withdrawal, increase risk of suicidal ideation. Important to use the process you have in place to assess and document.





MEDICAL CO-MORBIDITIES

- Consider the possible medical conditions that may be present along with the substance use disorder
- Medical consequences of substance use
 - Liver disease
 - Infection
 - HIV, HCV
 - Skin infection
 - Endocarditis
 - TB
 - Metabolic/nutrition



PSYCHIATRIC CO-MORBIDITIES

- 40% of individuals with a substance use disorder have a cooccurring psychiatric disorder (source: https://www.recoveryanswers.org/resource/cooccurring-disorders/)
- Very often, people can have a substance induced psychiatric disorder, such as psychotic symptoms. These must be treated even if there is no underlying psychiatric disorder. (source: https://www.samhsa.gov/data/sites/default/files/NSDUH-FFR1-2015/NSDUH-FFR1-
- Critical to screen and treat psychiatric symptoms when they are present
 - Clinical interview/observations
 - PHQ-9
 - GAD-7
 - History



DHCS POLICY AND OPERATIONAL GUIDE FOR PLANNING AND IMPLEMENTING THE CALAIM JUSTICE-INVOLVED INITIATIVE

6.4. Screening for SMHS/DMC/DMC-ODS/Non-SMHS

"To ensure individuals with behavioral health needs are identified and behavioral health links are provided, as required by AB 133, DHCS will require that CFs systematically screen all individuals entering the CF for mental illness and SUD, including any history of alcohol, sedative or opioid withdrawal."

Recommended SUD Screening tools:

- Texas Christian University Drug Screen V (TCUDS V)
- Alcohol Smoking and Substance Involvement Screening Test (ASSIST)
- Simple Screening Instrument (SSI)



California Department of Health Care Services

Policy and Operational Guide for Planning and Implementing the CalAIM Justice-Involved Initiative

October 20, 2023



POLLING QUESTIONS

1. Overall, today's webinar was:

- A. Very useful
- B. Somewhat useful
- c. Not very useful
- D. Not useful at all
- 2. The material presented today was:
 - A. At the right level
 - B. Too basic
 - c. Too detailed



CONTACT US

FOR ANY QUESTIONS OR COMMENTS

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LINKS – ASSESSMENTS

- NIDA Quick Screen
 - o <u>https://nida.nih.gov/sites/default/files/pdf/screening_qr.pdf</u>
- ASSIST
 - https://nida.nih.gov/sites/default/files/pdf/nmassist.pdf
- CAGE-AID
 - <u>https://www.hopkinsmedicine.org/johns_hopkins_healthcare/downloads/all_plans/CAGE%20</u>
 <u>Substance%20Screening%20Tool.pdf</u>
- TAPS
 - o https://nida.nih.gov/taps2/
- AUDIT
 - https://www.sbirt.care/pdfs/tools/AUDIT.PDF
- DAST
 - https://cde.drugabuse.gov/sites/nida_cde/files/DrugAbuseScreeningTest_2014Mar24.pdf
- TCUD-5
 - https://ibr.tcu.edu/wp-content/uploads/2020/09/TCU-Drug-Screen-5-Sept20.pdf

